

Top 50 GK Questions 2025 PDF for Competitive Exams

Q. What is India's highest civilian award?

- a. Padma Shri
- b. Padma Bhushan
- c. Bharat Ratna
- d. Ashok Chakra

Correct Answer: c. Bharat Ratna

Q. Who was the first Indian to receive the Nobel Prize?

- a. Amartya Sen
- b. Rabindranath Tagore
- c. Madan Mohan Malaviya
- d. C. V. Raman

Correct Answer: b. Rabindranath Tagore

Q. Which award was given to Lal Bahadur Shastri after his death?

- a. Bharat Ratna
- b. Padma Bhushan
- c. Padma Shri
- d. International Peace Prize

Correct Answer: a. Bharat Ratna

Q. From which country was the Indian Constitution amendment process adopted?

- a. America
- b. South Africa
- c. Britain
- d. Australia

Correct Answer: b. South Africa

Q. The Indian Meteorological Department was established in 1875, with its headquarters in?

- a. Jaipur
- b. Pune
- c. New Delhi

d. Kolkata

Correct Answer: d. Kolkata

Q. Who was the first person to receive the Param Vir Chakra?

- (a) Abdul Hamid
- (b) Albert Ekka
- (c) Major Somnath Sharma
- (d) Vikram Batra

Answer – (c) Major Somnath Sharma

Q. Who initiated the market control policy?

- a. Firoz Shah Tughlaq
- b. Alauddin Khilji
- c. Ibrahim Lodi
- d. Sher Shah Suri

Correct Answer: b. Alauddin Khilji

Q. The medieval traveler Marco Polo was associated with _____?

- a. Zurich
- b. Paris
- c. Istanbul
- d. Venice

Correct Answer: d. Venice

Q. Who among the following first explained that the Earth's rotation on its axis is the cause of the daily sunrise and sunset?

- a. Aryabhatta
- b. Bhaskara
- c. Brahmagupta
- d. Varahamihira

Correct Answer: a. Aryabhatta

Q. Alivardi Khan was the Nawab of _____.

- a. Deccan
- b. Malabar
- c. Awadh
- d. Bengal

Correct Answer: d. Bengal

Q. When did the Battle of Plassey take place?

- a. 1757
- b. 1761
- c. 1764
- d. 1775

Correct Answer: a. 1757

Q. Where is the Nobel Peace Prize ceremony held?

- a. Paris
- b. Oslo
- c. Stockholm
- d. Geneva

Correct Answer: b. Oslo

Q. In which of the following years did Queen Victoria assume the title of Kaiser-i-Hind (Empress of India)?

- a. 1857
- b. 1877
- c. 1885
- d. 1901

Correct Answer: b. 1877

Q. In which language was the Ramcharitmanas written?

- a. Sanskrit
- b. Hindi
- c. Awadhi
- d. Braj

Correct Answer: c. Awadhi

Q. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan is considered the father of which movement?

- a. Arya Samaj
- b. Ahilya Movement
- c. Nineteen Movement
- d. Aligarh Movement

Correct Answer: d. Aligarh Movement

Q. In the human body, protein digestion begins in which of the following organs?

- a. Liver
- b. Mouth
- c. Small intestine
- d. Stomach

Correct Answer: d. Stomach

Q. Which of the following rulers renovated the Somnath Temple in Gujarat after it was destroyed by Mahmud of Ghazni?

- a. Bhoja
- b. Jayasimha
- c. Karna
- d. King Bhimdev I

Correct Answer: d. Raja Bhimdev I

Q. What is the chemical composition of marble?

- a. Calcium sulfate
- b. Calcium carbonate
- c. Silicon dioxide
- d. Sodium chloride

Correct answer: b. Calcium carbonate

Q. What is the length of a lawn tennis court?

- a. 68 feet
- b. 72 feet
- c. 78 feet
- d. 80 feet

Correct answer: c. 78 feet

Q. Who discovered alpha and beta particles?

- a. Bohr
- b. Ernest Rutherford
- c. Chadwick
- d. J.J. Thomson

Correct answer: b. Ernest Rutherford

Q. Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of the formation of the Hunter Commission?

- a. Lord Lytton
- b. Lord Ripon
- c. Curzon
- d. Hardinge

Correct answer: b. Lord Ripon

Q. Which is the longest river in the European continent?

- a. Danube
- b. Volga
- c. Rhine
- d. Thames

Correct Answer: b. Volga

Q. Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of the Jallianwala Bagh massacre?

- a. Dufferin
- b. Lytton
- c. Lord Chelmsford
- d. Linlithgow

Correct Answer: c. Lord Chelmsford

Q. When did the partition of Bengal take place?

- a. Lord Wellesley
- b. Lord Curzon
- c. Lord Hardinge
- d. Lord Minto

Correct Answer: b. Lord Curzon

Q. When did the Kakori incident take place?

- a. 1921
- b. 1923
- c. 1925
- d. 1927

Correct Answer: c. 1925

Q. Which state is called the 'Spice Garden of India'?

- a. Tamil Nadu
- b. Kerala
- c. Andhra Pradesh
- d. Karnataka

Correct Answer: b. Kerala

Q. Where is the Ankleshwar oil field located?

- a. Gujarat
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Assam
- d. Maharashtra

Correct Answer: a. Gujarat

Q. Which institution was established during the reign of Lord Dufferin?

- a. Indian National Congress
- b. Indian Councils Act
- c. Reform Commission
- d. Civil Disobedience Act

Correct Answer: a. Indian National Congress

Q. Who led the 1857 revolution in Bihar?

- a. Tatya Tope
- b. Babu Kunwar Singh
- c. Rani Lakshmibai
- d. Ahmed Shah

Correct Answer: b. Babu Kunwar Singh

Q. What is the angle of inclination of the Earth's axis from the vertical?

- (a) 22.5°
- (b) 23.5°
- (c) 24.5°
- (d) 25.5°

Answer – (b) 23.5°

Q. When was the Pitts India Act passed?

- a. 1773
- b. 1784
- c. 1793
- d. 1853

Correct Answer: b. 1784

Q. What does FM stand for in radio broadcasting?

- a. Frequency Modulation
- b. Fast Message
- c. Free Media
- d. Final Message

Correct Answer: a. Frequency Modulation

Q. Who was the first Muslim woman to win the Nobel Prize?

- a. Malala Yousafzai
- b. Shirin Ebadi

- c. Taslima Nasreen
- d. Fatima Bhutto

Correct Answer: b. Shirin Ebadi

Q. Which of the following clubs, founded in 1889, is the oldest operating Indian club?

- a. Mohammedan
- b. Mohun Bagan Athletic Club
- c. East Bengal
- d. Armenian Sports

Correct Answer: b. Mohun Bagan Athletic Club

Q. In which language did Chand Bardai write 'Prithviraj Raso'?

- a. Apabhramsha
- b. Sanskrit
- c. Braj Bhasha
- d. Awadhi

Correct Answer: c. Braj Bhasha

Q. What is the latitude difference between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn?

- a. 23 degrees
- b. 45 degrees
- c. 47 degrees
- d. 50 degrees

Correct Answer: c. 47 degrees